

FLUX GmbH

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Absolute Rotary Encoder "INDUCTIVE-ROTARY" Series

based on the inductive measurement principle











Technical Datasheet

2023-03 - rev.03

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1. INDUCTIVE-ROTARY Encoders

The **INDUCTIVE-ROTARY** series of rotary encoders from FLUX GmbH offers motor feedback solutions for a wide range of applications, fitting optimally in designs that require precise positioning with exacting velocity and torque control.

The **INDUCTIVE-ROTARY** series of rotary encoders incorporates the FLUX inductive position sensor (patent pending) to deliver high performance feedback as part of a closed loop motion control system.

The position sensor technology and encoder architecture, developed and manufactured by FLUX, are the result of 40+ years experience in encoder development and manufacturing. It addresses in a purposeful and compact manner motion control feedback design requirements calling for:

- Precise position feedback
- Hollow shaft implementation
- High positioning accuracy
- High position stability / low noise
- Zero backlash / hysteresis
- Insensitivity to external electrical and magnetic noise
- Low signal latency

INDUCTIVE-ROTARY series performance achievements:

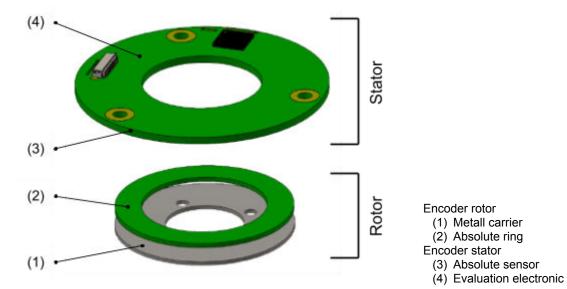
- Resolution up to 20 bits / revolution
- Accuracy to ± 0.012° (± 45 arc seconds)
- Liberal mounting tolerance; to axial \pm 0.30 mm and to radial \pm 0.30 mm
- Axial stack-up as small as 8mm including air-gap
- High ratio of inner diameter (through hole) to outer diameter

INDUCTIVE-ROTARY series is the ideal choice for a wide range of applications including:

- semiconductor manufacturing
- cobots and robotics
- satcomm
- medical
- gimbals
- motors (torque, direct drive, servo, DC brushless)
- gearbox integration
- automated guided vehicles (AGV)



1.1. Inductive principle (simplified)



HOW IT WORKS

The absolute inductive sensor (3) scans the variable electrical impedance of the absolute ring (2) and generates an electrical signal. The inductive sensor (3) is connected to the evaluation electronic (4) which converts the electrical signal in digital position. Absolute position is generated through the FLUX built up (patent pending) of the sensor and the pattern of the absolute ring.

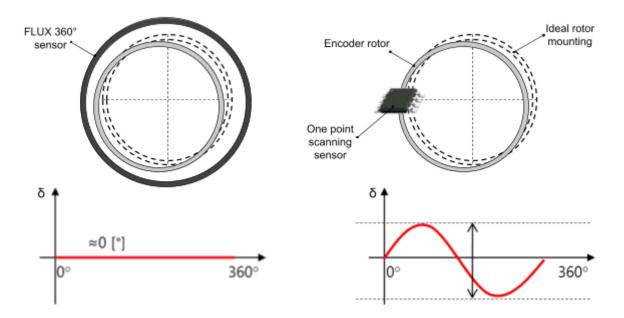


1.2. Holistic, 360° scanning principle

FLUX encoders have a holistic scanning principle, meaning that they scan and read 360° around the encoder rotor. By comparison, many other rotary encoder technologies (magnetic xMR, Hall, optical, etc.) use segment or "one point" scanning.

360° scanning has many advantages, including improved signal quality, error averaging, and, most importantly, the reduction of the eccentricity error.

Eccentricity [e] is the displacement between the geometrical center of an encoder rotor and the rotation axis. The dotted disk in the figure below is the ideal position, and the gray disk shows the eccentric location of the encoder rotor.



Sensor geometry causes FLUX encoders to inherently average out eccentricity across the circumference of the rotor, resulting in significant reduction in eccentricity error. However, a sensor with a "one-point" scanning capability will exhibit eccentricity errors $[\delta]$ over a complete rotation in the form of a sinusoidal wave.

The eccentricity error $[\delta]$ for an "one-point" encoder can be calculated using the following formula:

$$\delta["] = \pm 412 \times \frac{e \, [\mu m]}{D \, [mm]}$$

with:

- δ ... encoder eccentricity error in arcseconds
- e ... eccentricity (half of the runout) in μm
- D ... encoder diameter in mm

The eccentricity may occur both statically as a result of manufacturing or mounting tolerances as well as dynamically as the result of external forces acting on the mechanical parts during operation.



A "one-point" scanning approach could partially correct the statical eccentricity with additional effort and expensive calibration procedures, but there is no possibility of correcting the dynamical eccentricity.

As a result of the 360° scanning approach of the FLUX encoders, they inherently compensate for both statically and dynamically eccentricities .

Eccentricity error is a significant source of additional error in applications that require accuracy. Using an "one-point" encoder can reduce the overall performance of the machine even for eccentricities under 20 μ m. Using different sizes of encoder, a comparison of additional errors to the positioning system is presented in the following tables for both 10 and 20 μ m eccentricities.

Additional error is the error exclusively generated by eccentricity and added to the error in the product inspection/calibration chart.

Additional error δ for e = 10 μm				
Diameter FLUX IND-ROT		One-Point		
55 mm	<± 8"	± 75"		
69 mm	<± 6"	± 60"		
80 mm	<± 6"	± 52"		
96 mm	<± 5"	± 43"		

Additional error δ for e = 20 μm				
Diameter D	One-Point			
55 mm	<± 16"	± 150"		
69 mm	<± 12"	± 119"		
80 mm	<± 12"	± 103"		
96 mm	<± 10"	± 86"		

1.3. Environmental and EMC immunity

FLUX inductive rotary encoders offer exceptional immunity to environmental and electromagnetic perturbations.

INDUCTIVE-ROTARY is a very robust encoder for an IP00 rating, not being sensitive to dust or condensation.



2. Encoder Specification



*INDUCTIVE-ROTARY-080 (size 80mm)

IND-ROTARY size / OD	55 mm	69 mm	80 mm	96 mm
System data				
Туре	· ·	ameless, true abso		
Maximum Resolution	19	bits	20	bits
(non binary on request)	131'072 524'288	ppr (before x4) cpr (after x4)	262'144 1'048'576	ppr (before x4) cpr (after x4)
	± 0.025°	± 0.020°	± 0.018°	± 0.012°
Standard accuracy (no calibration required)	± 90"	± 75"	± 65"	± 45"
, ,	± 450 µrad	± 350 µrad	± 320 µrad	± 210 µrad
Hysteresis		no	ne	
Repeatability	1 count			
Position update rate	Real-time			
Maximum speed	6'000 rpm (higher on request)			
Power-up time	max. 0.8 sec			

Electrical data	
Supply voltage (at encoder connector)	Option 5V: typ. 5 Vdc Min. 4.35 Vdc. Max. 6 Vdc
Reverse polarity protection	Yes
Current Consumption (w/o output terminations)	max. 150 mA @ 5 Vdc (Option 5V)



IND-ROTARY size / OD	55 mm	69 mm	80 mm	96 mm	
Mechanical Data					
Stator base material		FR4 (CTE ~	18 ppm/°C)		
Stator weight ⁽¹⁾	7 g	9 g	10 g	12 g	
Rotor base material	Stainless steel (CTE ~ 10 ppm/°C)				
Rotor weight ⁽¹⁾	7 g	12 g	14 g	18 g	
Vibration	EN 60068-2-6, 20 g, 55 2000 Hz				
Shock	EN 60068-2-27, 200 g, 6 ms				

⁽¹⁾ Guiding values. Values can vary with the rotor mounting option.

Mounting tolerances				
Nominal Axial Air-Gap	0.5 mm			
Axial tolerances	±0.3 mm			
Radial Tolerance	±0.3 mm			

Environmental data						
Temperature range - Stand	Temperature range - Standard (no additional option in order code)					
Operating	-20°C +85°C					
Storage	-20°C +85°C					
Temperature range - Exter	nded (contact FLUX for more details)					
Operating	Operating -40°C +105°C					
Storage	-55°C +125°C					
Ingress Protection	IP00					
EMC immunity	complies with EN IEC 61000-6-2					
EMC emission	complies with EN IEC 61000-6-4					



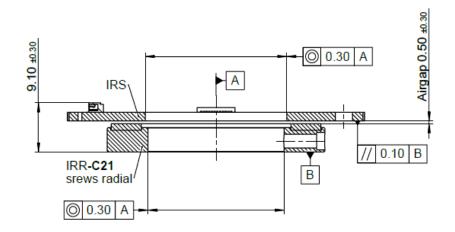
Output interfaces (See Chap.5)				
Absolute: SSI	SSI00, SSI01, SSI02			
Absolute: BiSS/C	BIS00, BIS10 (recommended for new designs)			
Incremental: A/B/Z	INCxx			
Absolute: SPI	contact FLUX for more details			
Other synchronous or asynchronous	contact FLUX for more details			



3. Mechanical dimensions and mounting tolerances

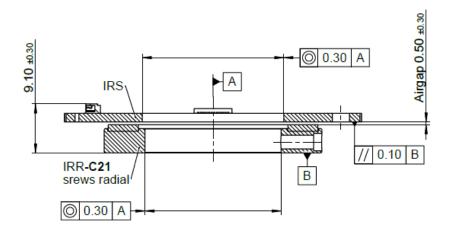
3.1. INDUCTIVE-ROTARY Series - Mounting tolerances

Rotor mounting with screws inside grating (Rotor option "-A21"):





Rotor mounting with radial set screws (Rotor option "-C21"):





A ... axis of rotation

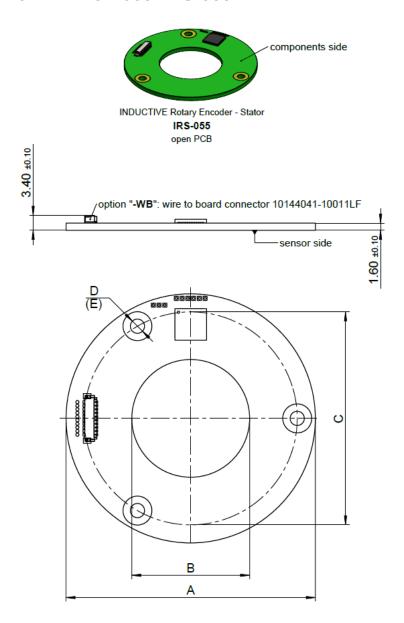
max. total runout IRS + IRR = 0.30mm / IRS + IRR 0.30 A

Dimensions are mm.



3.2. Inductive Rotary Encoder - Stator: IRS

3.2.1. Stator for IND-ROT-055: IRS-055



Size comparison table. The 055 mm size is highlighted.

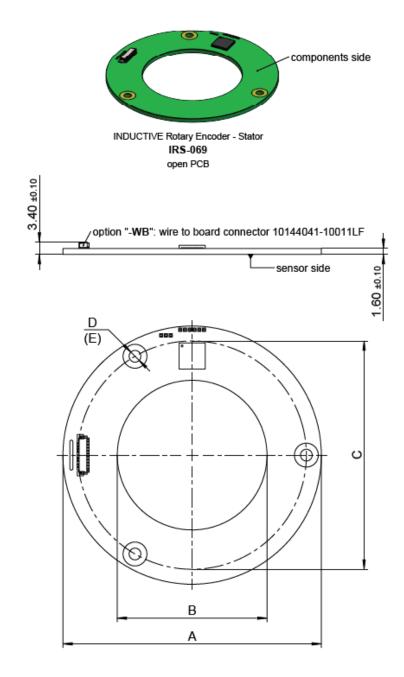
IRS-xxx	Α	В	С	D	E
055	ø55 +0.0 /-0.2	ø 26 +0.2 /-0.0	ø47	3 x ø3.20 (120°)	М3
069	ø69 +0.0 / -0.2	Ø40 +0.2 / -0.0	ø61	3 x ø3.20 (120°)	M3
080	Ø80 +0.0 /-0.2	ø51 +0.2 / -0.0	ø72	6 x ø3.20 (60°)	M3
096	ø96 +0.0 / -0.2	ø67 +0.2 / -0.0	ø88	6 x ø3.20 (60°)	M3

Dimensions are in mm.

Screw hole dimensions for fastener according ISO 7380-1.



3.2.2. Stator for IND-ROT-069: IRS-069



Size comparison table. The 069 mm size is highlighted in blue.

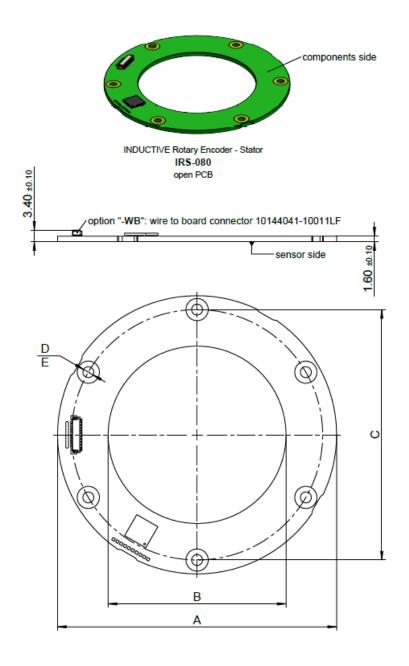
IRS-xxx	Α	В	С	D	E
055	ø55 +0.0 /-0.2	ø26 +0.2 /-0.0	ø47	3 x ø3.20 (120°)	M3
069	ø69 +0.0 /-0.2	ø 40 +0.2 /-0.0	ø61	3 x ø3.20 (120°)	М3
080	Ø80 +0.0 /-0.2	ø51+0.2 /-0.0	ø72	6 x ø3.20 (60°)	M3
096	ø96 +0.0 /-0.2	ø67+0.2 /-0.0	ø88	6 x ø3.20 (60°)	M3

Dimensions are in mm.

Screw hole dimensions for fastener according ISO 7380-1.



3.2.3. Stator for IND-ROT-080: IRS-080



Size comparison table. The 080 mm size is highlighted in blue.

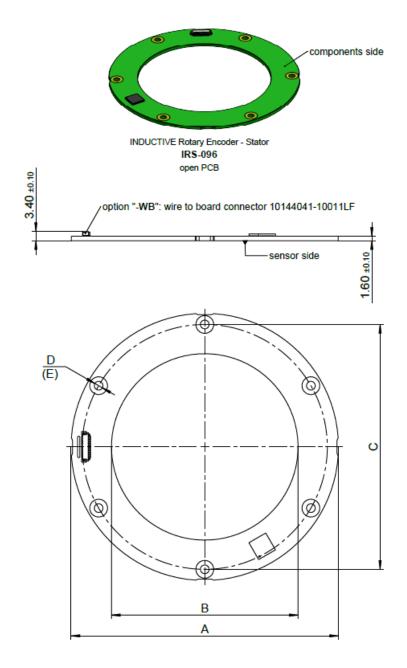
IRS-xxx	Α	В	С	D	E
055	ø55 +0.0 /-0.2	ø26 +0.2 /-0.0	ø47	3 x ø3.20 (120°)	M3
069	ø69 +0.0 /-0.2	Ø40+0.2 /-0.0	ø61	3 x ø3.20 (120°)	M3
080	ø80 +0.0 /-0.2	ø51+0.2 /-0.0	ø72	6 x ø3.20 (60°)	М3
096	ø96 +0.0 /-0.2	ø67+0.2 /-0.0	ø88	6 x ø3.20 (60°)	M3

Dimensions are in mm.

Screw hole dimensions for fastener according ISO 7380-1.



3.2.4. Stator for IND-ROT-080: IRS-096



Size comparison table. The 055 mm size is highlighted in blue.

IRS-xxx	Α	В	С	D	E
055	ø55 +0.0 /-0.2	ø26 +0.2 /-0.0	ø47	3 x ø3.20 (120°)	M3
069	ø69 +0.0 /-0.2	Ø40+0.2 /-0.0	ø61	3 x ø3.20 (120°)	М3
080	Ø80 +0.0 /-0.2	ø51+0.2 /-0.0	ø72	6 x ø3.20 (60°)	M3
096	ø96 +0.0 /-0.2	ø67+0.2 /-0.0	ø88	6 x ø3.20 (60°)	М3

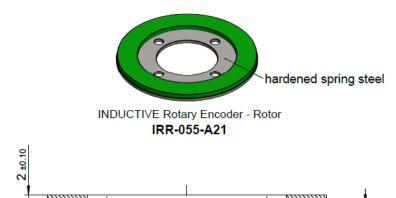
Dimensions are in mm.

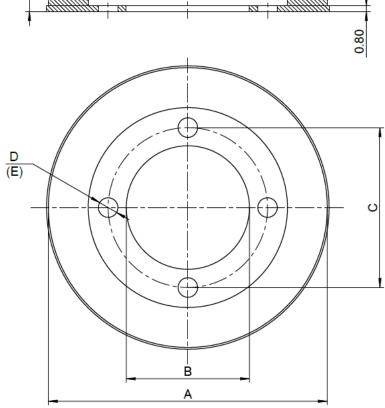
Screw hole dimensions for fastener according ISO 7380-1.



3.3 Inductive Rotary Encoder - Rotor: IRR-A21 screws axial

3.3.1. Rotor for IND-ROT-055: IRR-055-A21





Size comparison table. The 055 mm size is highlighted in blue.

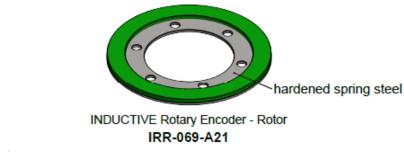
IRR-xxx	Α	В	С	D	E
055-A21	ø39 +0.00/-0.05	ø17 +0.05/-0.00	ø22	4 x ø2.70 (90°)	M2.5
069-A21	ø53 +0.00/-0.05	ø29 +0.05/-0.00	ø35	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	M3
080-A21	ø64 +0.00/-0.05	ø40 +0.05/-0.00	ø46	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	M3
096-A21	ø80 +0.00/-0.05	ø56 +0.05/-0.00	ø62	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	M3

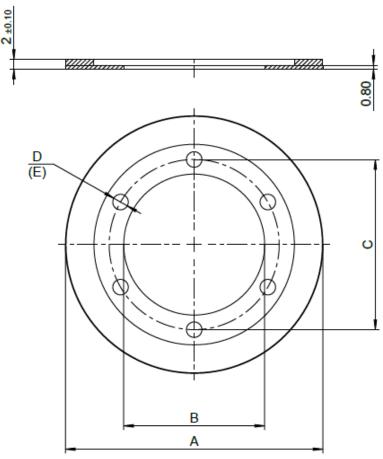
Dimensions are in mm.

Screw hole dimensions for fastener according ISO 7380-1.



3.3.2. Rotor for IND-ROT-069: IRR-069-A21





Size comparison table. The 069 mm size is highlighted in blue.

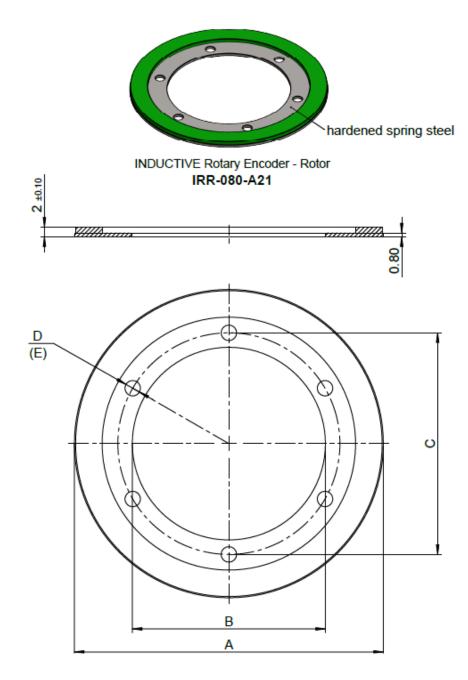
IRR-xxx	Α	В	С	D	E
055-A21	ø39 +0.00/-0.05	ø17 +0.05/-0.00	ø22	4 x ø2.70 (90°)	M2.5
069-A21	ø53 +0.00/-0.05	ø29 +0.05/-0.00	ø35	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	М3
080-A21	ø64 +0.00/-0.05	ø40 +0.05/-0.00	ø46	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	M3
096-A21	ø80 +0.00/-0.05	ø56 +0.05/-0.00	ø62	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	M3

Dimensions are in mm.

Screw hole dimensions for fastener according ISO 7380-1.



3.3.3. Rotor for IND-ROT-080: IRR-080-A21



Size comparison table. The 080 mm size is highlighted in blue.

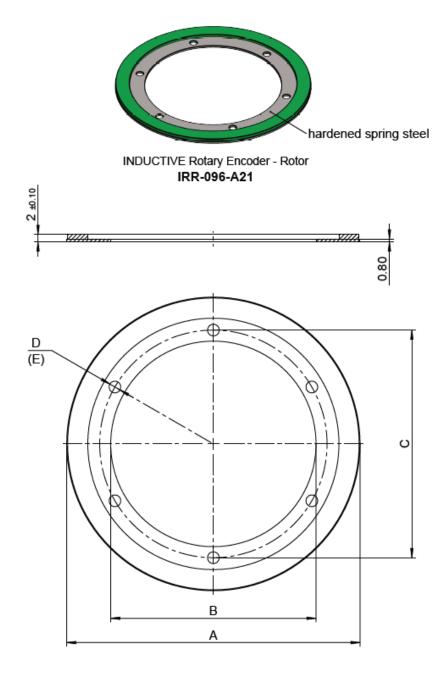
IRR-xxx	Α	В	С	D	E
055-A21	ø39 +0.00/-0.05	ø17 +0.05/-0.00	ø22	4 x ø2.70 (90°)	M2.5
069-A21	ø53 +0.00/-0.05	ø29 +0.05/-0.00	ø35	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	M3
080-A21	ø64 +0.00/-0.05	ø40 +0.05/-0.00	ø46	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	М3
096-A21	ø80 +0.00/-0.05	ø56 +0.05/-0.00	ø62	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	M3

Dimensions are in mm.

Screw hole dimensions for fastener according ISO 7380-1.



3.3.4. Rotor for IND-ROT-096: IRR-096-A21



Size comparison table. The 096 mm size is highlighted in blue.

IRR-xxx	Α	В	С	D	E
055-A21	ø39 +0.00/-0.05	ø17 +0.05/-0.00	ø22	4 x ø2.70 (90°)	M2.5
069-A21	ø53 +0.00/-0.05	ø29 +0.05/-0.00	ø35	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	M3
080-A21	ø64 +0.00/-0.05	ø40 +0.05/-0.00	ø46	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	M3
096-A21	ø80 +0.00/-0.05	ø56 +0.05/-0.00	ø62	6 x ø3.40 (60°)	М3

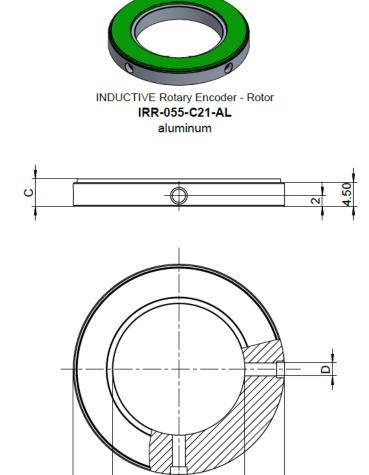
Dimensions are in mm.

Screw hole dimensions for fastener according ISO 7380-1.



3.4. Inductive Rotary Encoder - Rotor: IRR-C21 screws radial

3.4.1. Rotor for IND-ROT-055: IRR-055-C21-AL



Size comparison table. The 055 mm size is highlighted in blue.

IRR-xxx	Α	В	С	D	
055-C21	ø42 h7	ø25 H7	5.20 ± 0.1	2 x M3 (90°)	
069-C21					
080-C21		We offer customized rotors based on the application requirements. Please send your requirements at sales@flux.gmbh			
096-C21	1 1003	e sena your req	unements at <u>salester</u>	nux.gmbn	

В

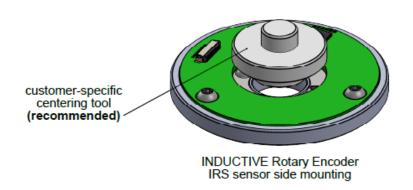
Dimensions are in mm.

Screw hole dimensions for fastener according ISO 7380-1.



4. Mounting recommendations

4.1 Stator IRS sensor-side mounting



Customer-specific IRS mounting plate

(centering on IRS - OD)

B
(centering on IRS - ID)
(with centering tool (recommended)

customer-specific centering tool (recommended)

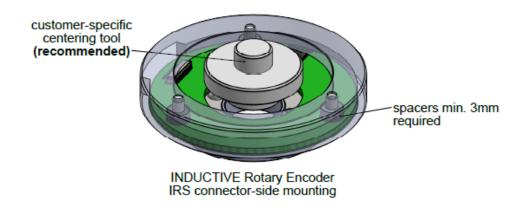
Fig. 4.1.: INDUCTIVE Rotary Encoder: IRS sensor-side mounting and centering.



IRS and IRR mounting must be adapted accordingly to its application. The customer-specific mounting plate in this visualization serves only as an illustration.



4.2 Stator IRS connector-side mounting



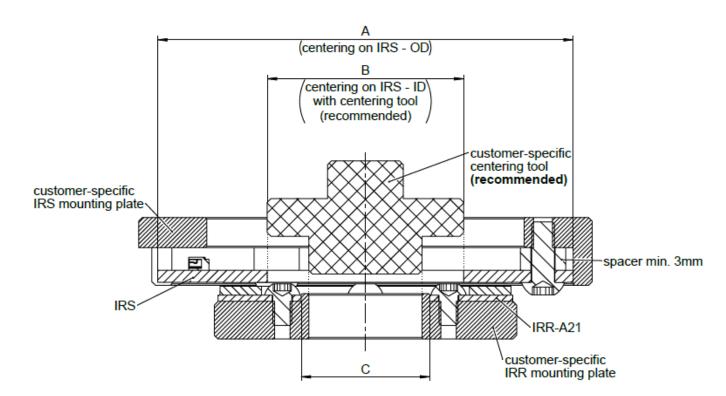


Fig. 4.2.:INDUCTIVE Rotary Encoder: IRS connector-side mounting and centering.



IRS and IRR mounting must be adapted accordingly to its application. The customer-specific mounting plate in this visualization serves only as an illustration.



5. Interface description

5.1. SSI00

The synchronous serial interface SSI is a unidirectional point to point communication channel. The transmission of the sensor output signal SSI DATA is synchronized by the common clock signal SSI CLOCK. The DATA and CLOCK signals are transmitted according to the RS-485 (EIA-485) standard, driven by RS-485 buffers.

Parameter	Note	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock frequency f _{clk}	data updated on rising clock edge	0.2		1.0	MHz
Monoflop time t_{mf}		30			μs
Total number for bits			28		bits
Number of data bits N			25		bits
Data alignment		right aligned unused MSB set LOW-"0"			
Number of status bits S	Error <i>E</i> (active high) Warning <i>W</i> (active high) Parity P (even)		3		bits

The data transmission and position latch starts with the first falling edge of the clock signal. The serial data update occurs on the rising clock edge.

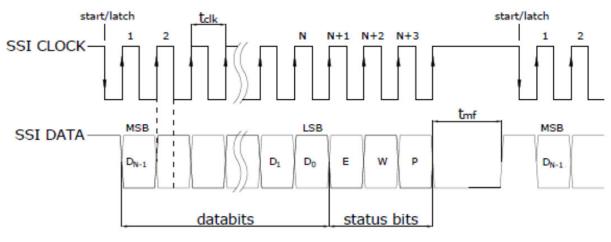


Fig. 5.1.: Time diagram for the SSI00 interface..



5.2. SSI01

The synchronous serial interface SSI is a unidirectional point to point communication channel. The transmission of the sensor output signal SSI DATA is synchronized by the common clock signal SSI CLOCK. The DATA and CLOCK signals are transmitted according to the RS-485 (EIA-485) standard, driven by RS-485 buffers.

Parameter	Note	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock frequency f _{clk}	data updated on rising clock edge	0.1		2.0	MHz
Monoflop time t_{mf}		20			μs
Total number for bits	only data bits transmitted		N		bits
Number of data bits N	only data bits transmitted		N		bits
Data alignment		not relevant			
Number of status bits S	no status bit is transmitted		0		bits

Data transmission and position latch starts with the first falling edge of the clock signal. The serial data update occurs on the rising clock edge.

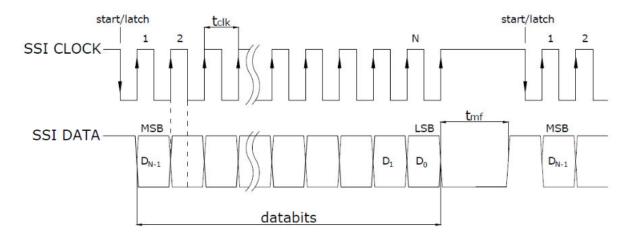


Fig. 5.2.: Time diagram for the SSI01 interface.



5.3. SSI02

The SSI02 version of the Synchronous Serial Interface SSI can be used to communicate with a Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) controller.

The transmission of the sensor output signal SSI DATA is synchronized by the common clock signal SSI CLOCK. The DATA and CLOCK signals are transmitted according to the RS-485 (EIA-485) standard, driven by RS-485 buffers (compatible with RS-422).

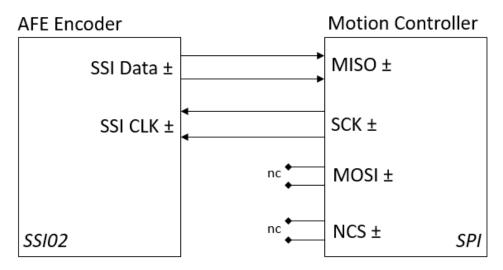


Fig.5.3.: Interfacing for SSI02 interface to the SPI master.

For interfacing the SSI02 the following connections are required:

- SSI Data must be connected to the SPI Master Input, Slave Output (MISO)
- SSI Clock must be connected to the SPI Serial Clock (SCK)

The SPI lines Master Output, Slave Input (MOSI) and SPI Not Chip Select (NCS) are not connected. In this configuration the encoder is continuously enabled and answers with the current position.

SPI Mode#2 is the only mode supported by SSI02. The required SPI configuration for Mode#2 is:

CPOL = '1'	SPI Clock (SCK) Idle Polarity is "1" / High
CPHA = '0'	SPI Data (MISO) is received/sampled on falling edge of the clock

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Data transmission and position latch starts with the first falling edge of the clock signal. The serial data update occurs on the rising clock edge.

Parameter	Note	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock frequency f _{clk}	data updated on rising clock edge	0.2		1.0	MHz
Monoflop time t_{mf}		30			μs
Total number for bits	number of clock falling edges		24		bits
Number of position bits			22		bits
Data alignment		right aligned unused MSB set LOW-"0"			
Number of status bits S	Error <i>E</i> (active high)		1		bits

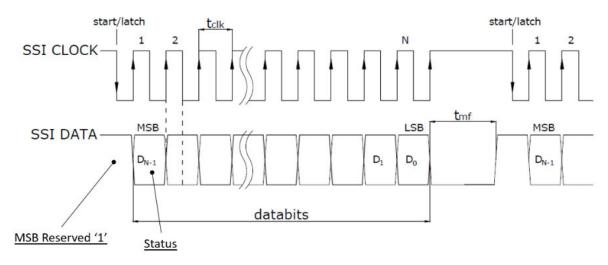


Fig.5.4.: Time diagram for the SSI02 interface.

Bits conversion for the 24 bits (23 down to 0) for the SPI master:

Bit		Description
Reserved	23 (MSB)	To be ignored. Bit always on "1"
Status	22 (D _{N-1})	Error bit (active high) '0' position valid / '1' encoder error
Data bits	21 0 (LSB)	Position, right aligned. Unused MSB bits set on '0'



5.4. INCxx

Incremental TTL output consists of two square-wave position signals – A and B – in quadrature differential format which are phase shifted 90° relative to each other. Additionally a differential square wave Reference Index pulse (Z) is delivered for homing procedure.

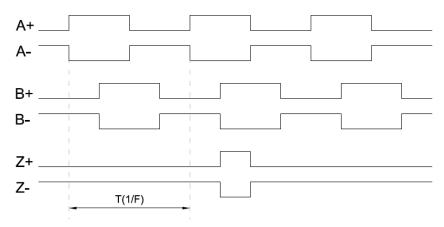


Fig.5.5.: Time diagram for interface INCxx with differential TTL quadrature signal

INCXX	Output Frequency (F=1 / T)	Counts after x4 Decoding
INC00	5.000 MHz	20.0 Mio. / sec
INC <mark>01</mark>	2.500 MHz	10.0 Mio. / sec
INC02	1.250 MHz	5.0 Mio. / sec
INC03	0.625 MHz	2.5 Mio. / sec

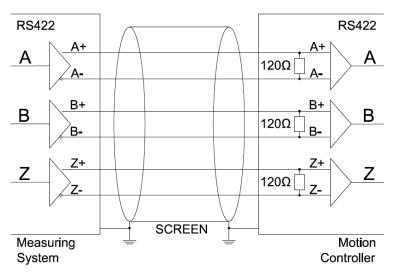


Fig.5.6.: Recommended electrical connection and buffering



The maximum operating speed of the encoder may be reduced from the standard maximum of 10 m/s due to the selection of higher resolutions or lower clock speeds. Maximum speed is computed using the following formula but is in no case more than 6000 rpm:

Maximum speed [rpm] =
$$60 \times \frac{4 \times Maximum \ Output \ Frequency \ [Hz]}{2^{Encoder \ resolution \ [bit]} \ [1/rev]}$$

To provide more information, the maximum encoder speed has been calculated for two resolutions(18 bits/rev. and 14 bits/rev.) and for various output frequencies.

Interface	Max. Frequency	Max. Counts	Maximu	m speed
interrace	(before x4)	(after x4)	@ 18 bits/rev	@ 14 bits/rev
INC00	5.000 MHz	20.0 Mio. / sec	4577 rpm	6000 rpm
INC01	2.500 MHz	10.0 Mio. / sec	2288 rpm	6000 rpm
INC02	1.250 MHz	5.0 Mio. / sec	1144 rpm	6000 rpm
INC03	0.625 MHz	2.5 Mio. / sec	572 rpm	6000 rpm





The BIS00 is an implementation of the bidirectional interface BiSS/C® (registered trademark of IC-Haus GmbH) with the following main characteristics:

- data length reserved for encoder position is 32 bits
- encoder position data is right aligned (unused upper bits/MSB set on 0)

BIS00 is recommended for linear encoders. Despite being compatible with rotary encoders, it may cause compatibility issues with some motion controllers. BIS10 is strongly recommended for rotary encoders.

Parameter	Note Min. Typ. Max.			Unit	
Clock frequency f _{clk}	data updated on rising clock edge	0		5.0	MHz
Processing time	not applicable, real-time encoder			0	ns
Total number for bits	n		40		bits
Number of position bits	Bits 39 down to 8		32		bits
Data alignment			ght aligned MSB set L		
Number of status bits S	Bit 7 - not Error Bit 6 - not Warning		2		bits
CRC length	Bits 5 down to 0 Polynome: 0x43 (X ⁶ +X ¹ +X ⁰) Start value: 0x00		6		bits

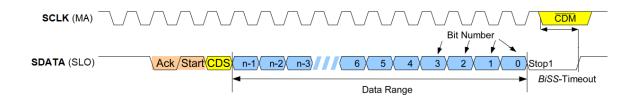


Fig.5.7.: Time diagram for interface BIS00.

"Ack" bit is always 1 Clock length for all FLUX encoders.



5.6. BIS10



The BIS10 is an implementation of the bidirectional interface BiSS/C® (registered trademark of IC-Haus GmbH) with the following main characteristics:

- data length reserved for encoder position is 24 bits
- encoder position data is left aligned (unused upper bits/MSB set on 0)

BIS10 is recommended for rotary encoders with resolution up to 24 bits.

Parameter	Note	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock frequency f _{c/k}	data updated on rising clock edge	0		5.0	MHz
Processing time	not applicable, real-time encoder			0	ns
Total number for bits	n		32		bits
Number of position bits	Bits 31 down to 8		24		bits
Data alignment			ght aligned LSB set L		
Number of status bits S	Bit 7 - not Error Bit 6 - not Warning	2		bits	
CRC length	Bits 5 down to 0 Polynome: 0x43 (X ⁶ +X ¹ +X ⁰) Start value: 0x00		6		bits

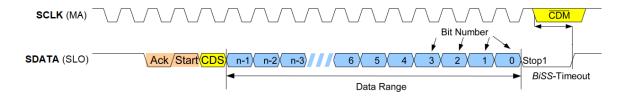


Fig.5.8.: Time diagram for interface BIS10.

"Ack" bit is always 1 Clock length for all FLUX encoders.



6. Commissioning and Debugging

6.1. Mounting and commissioning

INDUCTIVE-ROTARY encoders must be mounted in accordance with the mounting tolerances described in Chapter 3. The recommended mounting options are presented in Chapter 4.

The INDUCTIVE-ROTARY encoder requires no calibration or additional commissioning.

As soon as the **INDUCTIVE-ROTARY** encoders are mounted according to the specifications and powered up, they will provide high accuracy and high resolution positioning over the interface.

6.2. Debugging

The **INDUCTIVE-ROTARY** encoders are equipped with a status LED⁽¹⁾.

LED Color	Status	Recommended actions	
No color	System is not (correctly) Powered-Up.	Check wiring connection to the motion controller	
Red Color			
Continuous	System configuration error	Please contact FLUX	
Fast blinking ⁽²⁾	Encoder in error mode	Check encoder mounting	
Slow blinking ⁽³⁾	Out of operating range	Check encoder air-gap	
Yellow			
Continuous	Normal operation, but error was detected	Check encoder shielding connection Check encoder mounting	
Green			
Continuous	Optimal performance		
Fast blinking ⁽²⁾	Normal operation, not optimal performance	Check encoder runout	
Slow blinking ⁽³⁾	Normal operation, not optimal performance	Check encoder air gap	

⁽¹⁾ Except for extended temperature applications. Please contact FLUX for more information.

⁽²⁾ Fast blinking ~ 0.4 sec.

⁽³⁾ Slow blinking ~ 1.6 sec



7. Additional features

7.1. Multi-turn position (memory saved)

In **INDUCTIVE-ROTARY** encoders, the multi-turn position can be automatically saved at power off and restored after powering on. Therefore, even a frameless encoder such as **INDUCTIVE-ROTARY** can implement a virtual multi-turn function.

The encoder does not have any mechanism for monitoring position changes when it is not powered up, so this function should only be used when movement is either not possible or restricted to less than $\pm 90^{\circ}$ when power is turned off.

Please contact us at office@flux.gmbh for more information.

7.2. Setting zero position and counting direction

The **INDUCTIVE-ROTARY** encoder allows setting of the zero position and changing of the counting direction.

Over the BiSS-C Interface registers, both functions can be performed.

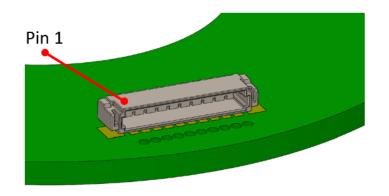
For more details, please see the full BiSS-C Interface Manual for FLUX Encoders.



8. Connector and Wiring

8.1. Option "WB" - Connector

Туре	Wire to Board
Manufacturer	Amphenol ICC (FCI)
Part Number	10144041-10011LF (Series Minitek® 0.80mm)
Operating temperature	-25°C +85°C (contact FLUX for extended temperatures)
Description	Connector Header Surface Mount Right Angle 10 position 0.031" (0.80mm)
Available accessories	WB0806K0200 - See Chapter Accesories



Pin	SSI & BISS/C	A/B/Z	SPI	Comments
1	Vdd	Vdd	Vdd	Encoder Supply Voltage
2	GND	GND	GND	Encoder Power Ground
3	do not connect	B+	NCS+	
4	do not connect	B-	NCS-	
5	do not connect	A+	SCLK+	
6	do not connect	A-	SCLK-	
7	SCLK+	do not connect	MOSI+	
8	SCLK-	do not connect	MOSI-	
9	SDATA+	Z+	MISO+	
10	SDATA-	Z-	MISO-	



Unused pins must not be connected.



9. Ordering code

IND-ROT	-055	-A21	-17	-BIS00	-5V	-WB	
Rotary encoder	Diameter [mm]	Rotor type	Resolution [Bits/Rev]	Output Interface	Supply Voltage	Connector Type	Other options
	055	-A21	15	BIS10	5V - 46Vdc	WB - Wire-Board	
	069	-C21	16	BIS00			
	080		17	SSI00			
	096		18	SSI01			
			19	SSI02			
			20	INC00			
				INC01			
				INC02			
				INC03			



10. Accessories

10.1. Spacers and Mounting Screws

A set of spacers and mounting screws is included with the product.

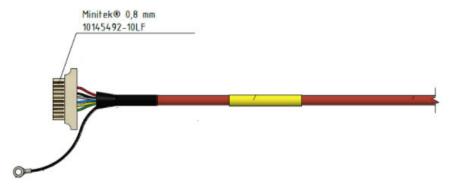
IND-ROT	Stator	Rotor A21	Rotor C21
055	3x screws M3x8 TORX socket button head ~ISO 7380-1 3 x plastic spacers 3mm ⁽¹⁾ OD 6.00mm / ID 3.20mm	4 x screws M2.5x4 TORX socket button head ~ISO 7380-1	2 x set screws M3 HEX socket set screw with flat point ISO 4026 / DIN 913
069	6 x screws M3x8 TORX socket button head ~ISO 7380-1 6 x plastic spacers 3mm ⁽¹⁾ OD 6.00mm / ID 3.20mm	6 x screws M3x4 TORX socket button head ~ISO 7380-1	n.a.
080	6 x screws M3x8 TORX socket button head ~ISO 7380-1 6 x plastic spacers 3mm ⁽¹⁾ OD 6.00mm / ID 3.20mm	6 x screws M3x4 TORX socket button head ~ISO 7380-1	n.a.
096	6 x screws M3x8 TORX socket button head ~ISO 7380-1 6 x plastic spacers 3mm ⁽¹⁾ OD 6.00mm / ID 3.20mm	6 x screws M3x4 TORX socket button head ~ISO 7380-1	n.a.

⁽¹⁾ Stainless steel spacers available on request. Recommended for extreme temperature range.



10.2. Assembly cable 6-wires for "WB" connector

FLUX ordering code	WB0806K0200		
Cable length	0.5 m		
Left side	Connector 10145492-10LF Series Minitek® 0.80mm		
Operating temperature	-25°C +85°C		
Right side	Open wire (connector on request)		
Cable specifications			
Outer jacket	Silicone rubber-based		
Applicable standard	IEC 60754-1, IEC 60332-1-2		
Temperature rating	dynamic: -25°C +180°C / static: -60°C +180 °C		
Wrapping	3 x 2 x AWG 30, FEP Isolation		
Shield	Tinned copper braided. Coverage ≥ 95 %		
Outer diameter	3.3 ± 0.1mm		
Bending radius	18 mm single / 36 mm continuous bending		



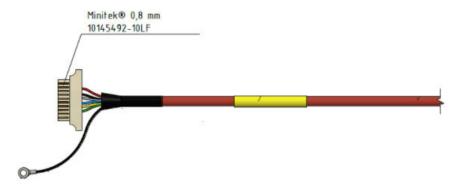
Left side connection:

No.	AWG	Color	SSI & BISS/C	A/B/Z	SPI	Comments
1	30	red	Vdd		Vdd	Encoder Supply Voltage
2	30	black	GND		GND	Encoder Power Ground
36	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		n.a.	not connected
7	30	grey	SCLK+	n.a.	SCLK+	
8	30	blue	SCLK-		SCLK+	
9	30	green	SDATA+		MISO+	
10	30	yellow	SDATA-		MISO-	



10.3. Assembly cable 10-wires for "WB" connector

FLUX ordering code	WB0210K0100		
Cable length	0.5 m		
Left side	Connector 10145492-10LF Series Minitek® 0.80mm		
Operating temperature	-25°C +85°C		
Right side	Open wire (connector on request)		
Cable specifications			
Outer jacket	PUR, suitable for energy chains		
Applicable standard	UL - AWM Style 20963 80°C		
Temperature rating	dynamic: -20°C +80°C		
Wrapping	4 x 2 x AWG 30 + 2 x AWG 28, TPE Isolation		
Shield	Tinned copper braided. Coverage ≥ 85 %		
Outer diameter	4.2 ± 0.1mm		
Bending radius	21 mm single / 42 mm continuous bending		



Left side connection:

No.	AWG	Color	SSI & BISS/C	INCxx- A/B/Z	SPI	Comments
1	28	violet	Vdd	Vdd	Vdd	Encoder Supply Voltage
2	28	black	GND	GND	GND	Encoder Power Ground
3	30.	green	do not connect	B+	do not connect	
4	30	yellow	do not connect	B-	do not connect	
5	30	white	do not connect	A+	do not connect	
6	30	braun	do not connect	A-	do not connect	
7	30	blue	SCLK+	do not connect	SCLK+	
8	30	red	SCLK-	do not connect	SCLK+	
9	30	grey	SDATA+	Z+	MISO+	
10	30	pink	SDATA-	Z-	MISO-	



11. Revision history

Date	Version	Comments	
2022-04	00	First built - based on the AFE-200 datasheet	
2023-01	01	SSIxx drawings bits number updated. INCxx output frequency information updated. Typo errors corrected	
2023-02	02	New BiSS-C version added: BIS10	
2023-03	03	Chapter 5.5 and 5.6: Frame format for BISxx added. Chapter 10.1: Spacers and screws accessories added. Chapter 10.3: Assembly cable for 10 wires added.	

Technical data is subject to change without notice.



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